



FIET (FMMI Intelligent Enterprise Transformation) Glossary

Term	Description
Analytical App	Analytical apps provide insight into real-time business operations by collecting and displaying analytic information and indicators, such as KPIs, directly in a web browser. Analytical apps are launched using a KPI tile in Fiori.
Business Intelligence (BI)	Business Intelligence in SAP is a centralized suite for data visualization and reporting. It allows users to analyze data from multiple sources and distribute data to different Business Intelligent systems.
Business Object (BOBJ)	BOBJ is a business intelligence layer that provides decision-making support to users within SAP's Business Technology Platform.
Business Partner (BP)	In SAP, a Business Partner is an entity that has a business interest with your company. It can be a person, an organization, or a group of persons or organizations. Historically, Business Partner data was captured separately as Customer and Vendor data. In S/4HANA, all such data is captured under the umbrella of Business Partner data.
Business Process Hierarchy (BPH)	A Business Process Hierarchy (BPH) organizes and divides business processes into smaller process segments and sub-processes.
Business Process Performance Optimization (BPPO)	Business Process Performance Optimization (BPPO) is a service offered by SAP that analyzes and optimizes business processes by transactional performance. It can be applied during the test phases of an implementation or upgrade project, and during the operation phase of the SAP solution.
Business Processes Area	A Business Process Area in SAP is an organizational unit of external accounting that corresponds to a specific business segment or area of responsibility in a company. Movements in value entered in Financial Accounting are assigned to business areas. Financial statements can be created for business areas for internal purposes
Business Technology Platform (BTP)	SAP Business Technology Platform (BTP) is a portfolio of SAP solutions and services that are brought under one umbrella. It provides a unified environment for application development, data and analytics, integration, automation, and AI capabilities optimized for SAP applications in the cloud
Business Warehouse (BW)	SAP Business Warehouse (BW) is a software system that groups together and formats large amounts of business data in the Enterprise Data Warehouse. It is supported by a wide range of SAP BI tools and Enterprise Planning tools, and allows for multidimensional analysis of data, which is useful for a keen understanding of business processes.
Change Champion	Change Champions are agency representatives that support the FIET project by communicating key project information to their agency. They collect questions and feedback from their agency to share with the FIET project team.
Continuous Business Improvement (CBI)	Continuous Business Improvement (CBI) is the process of identifying and implementing improvements to business processes, products, or services. In the context of SAP, CBI can be achieved through Business Process Optimization (BPO), which is the art of maximizing the value of





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	technology investments by streamlining workflows and business processes to improve workforce efficiency and organizational agility.
Core Data Services (CDS) View	CDS views are virtual data models of SAP HANA that define the structure and logic of an SQL view. CDS views are used to access the underlying tables and views of the HANA database, or other CDS views. CDS views can contain projections, calculations, aggregations, joins, unions, and associations to reflect the data model.
Customer-Vendor Integration (CVI)	CVI or Customer Vendor Integration is the process which ensures synchronization between Customer / Vendor from one side and the Business Partner from the other side, and vice versa.
eLearning	A training document designed to provide holistic information for new users. This can be overview information (e.g., Intro to FMMI), process information (e.g., AR Sales Order Processing) or general/common function related (e.g., Display Transactions). eLearning includes links to OLHPs.
Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)	Enterprise resource planning (ERP) is a type of software system that helps organizations automate and manage core business processes for optimal performance. ERP software coordinates the flow of data between a company's business processes, providing a single source of truth and streamlining operations across the enterprise. SAP is the most popular among ERPs with a sizable market share. It is used by almost 40,000 companies and 75,000 customers across 120 countries.
Firefighting	The use of access rights outside of the normal access rights. Administrators or super users can grant users temporary access to perform tasks outside of their scope of responsibility in case of emergencies.
Functional Area	A functional area in SAP is an organizational unit that classifies the operating expenses of an organization by functions. Functional areas can be used to create financial statements that meet the US GAAP requirements. Functional areas can be maintained in master data objects such as general ledgers and cost centers in SAP.
General Ledger	The SAP General Ledger is a core component of an SAP system that provides a single data source for financial and management accounting procedures. It is a section of a database table that contains the dimensions required for reporting. It is updated each time a user posts a financial transaction in SAP system, and it is identified with a number having 1 to 10 digits. It is integrated with all application components of the SAP system that generate posting data.
HANA	High-performance ANalytic Appliance that is a multi-model database that stores data in its memory instead of keeping it on a disk. The column- oriented in-memory database design allows users to run advanced analytics alongside high-speed transactions.
Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	A KPI is a quantifiable measurement used to gauge performance and progress. Examples include sales growth, number of helpdesk tickets submitted, and number of website visits.
Object Page	An Object Page is a summary screen for a single item, such as an order, customer, or invoice. It is used to display a single row of a list report and





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	can be called from Fiori Search or provided as the target of a hyperlink or button from other apps. The object page is mostly used to show details about one entry of a data table. It contains preconfigured annotations that can be modified to meet end users' needs, such as adding a section for technical data, a chart, and a table.
Online Help Procedure (OLHP)	Transaction-specific, step-by-step user help document comprised of screen captures and narrative information related to the transaction – created in SEN.
Operational Support System (OSS)	A web-based SAP support portal that allows users to report and manage software issues and obtain technical support directly from SAP. Users will create an ID on the customer system and the SAP support person will use that to login to the customer system to monitor, update, and resolve the issue.
Production Readiness Testing	Production readiness testing is a process of assessing if a program is ready for production. It involves examining the test procedures of the software to ensure that they meet the performance and interface specifications and the design objectives.
SAP ERP Central Component (ECC)	SAP ECC is an enterprise software solution developed by SAP which acts as the backbone for many organizations by assisting in integrating multiple business operations and streamlining procedures. This is the platform on which FMMI is built. However, mainstream maintenance for core applications of ECC is ending in 2027, thus spurring the need for FIET and the need to upgrade to S/4HANA.
SAP Fiori Launchpad	 SAP Fiori offers a collection of apps, created based on the rules of the SAP User Experience. Each SAP Fiori app is designed to cover an individual step for a specific role. Therefore, several apps combined represent a complete process, covering different enterprise solutions and systems. The SAP Fiori Launchpad is at the center of this strategy, offering a single entry point for users to interact with different enterprise solutions. SAP Fiori is accessed on any modern browser such as Edge, Firefox, Safari, etc.
SAP S/4HANA	SAP S/4HANA is an enterprise resource planning (ERP) system that allows organizations to manage business functions in real time. SAP S/4HANA was launched in 2015 as the fourth product generation in SAP's ERP software product line. SAP S/4HANA is based on the SAP HANA in-memory database. This database is designed to track information, data, and transactions without using as much database capacity as traditional databases. This helps speed up real-time performance and visibility. S/4HANA is the platform on which FIET will be built.
Schema	Schemas are containers that hold database objects such as tables, views, and stored procedures.
Software Update Manager (SUM)	A multi-purpose tool that supports various processes, such as performing a release upgrade, installing enhancement packages, applying Support Package Stacks, installing add-ons, or updating single components on SAP NetWeaver.





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Stakeholder	A stakeholder is anyone who has an interest in the FIET project. These include end users, CFOs, Change Champions, Super Users, Steering Committee, etc.
Standard Service Catalog (SSC)	Standard service catalogs (SSCs) are stored centrally as master records. They are a source of standardized service descriptions that help to eliminate data redundancy. In contrast to the Service Master Record, an SSC contains standard texts that only yield complete and unique service descriptions when put together in various combinations.
Super User	Super Users are agency representatives for the FIET project. They may be nominated for their understanding of FMMI functional areas. They provide a voice for agencies in key project activities, including validating the list of FMMI interfaces, reviewing test scripts, supporting testing, and supporting training.
System Integration Testing (SIT)	System Integration Testing (SIT) is performed to verify the interactions between the modules of a software system.
Transaction Code (T- Code)	A transaction code (T-Code) in SAP is a 4-digit shortcut key to access the requested transaction. Users can find the transaction code for a certain task by placing the cursor on the menu item and choosing Extras Technical details or Extras Settings Show technical name. Users can also find the transaction code for the current task by choosing the arrow in the status bar or System -> Status from the menu bar. Alternatively, users can use the transaction code KTRAN to find a transaction.
Transactional App	A transactional app is a Fiori app that performs a transactional task, such as creating a leave request for an employee. Transactional apps represent simplified views and interaction with existing business processes and solutions and is launched using an app launcher tile.
Universal Journal	The Universal Journal in SAP S/4HANA is a single table that contains more than 360 fields containing both financial and controlling postings. It is a simplification of the table structure within SAP's ERP system, and consolidates transactional information that was previously stored in multiple tables. The Universal Journal combines the most important fields from different components within a single line item table, which enables the components to read and process the data required for their business processes from a single location.
User Experience (UX)	SAP User Experience (UX) is a suite of user-centric design tools, services, and processes developed by SAP to help companies create the best possible user experience for their customers and employees. SAP UX focuses on creating user-friendly interfaces that are both visually appealing and easy to use. SAP UX is used to deliver personalized, fast, and easy user experiences, and is helped by various technologies such as SAP Fiori. SAP Fiori provides a user experience comparable to consumer apps, and can personalize and simplify the user experience for SAP.
User Interface (UI)	The user interface (UI) is the point of human-computer interaction and communication in a device. This can include display screens, keyboards, a mouse, and the appearance of a desktop. It is also the way through which a user interacts with an application. In SAP, currently end users





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	are familiar with the Portal as the primary UI. After FIET, end users will also become familiar with Fiori as a UI.